

4-[4-(Diethylamino)benzylideneamino]-4H-1,2,4-triazole

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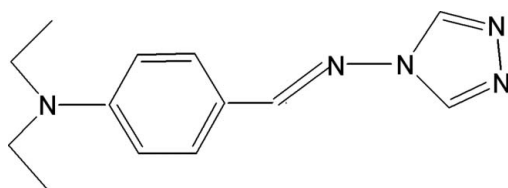
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.006$ Å; R factor = 0.060; wR factor = 0.132; data-to-parameter ratio = 8.2.

The title compound, $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_5$, is a Schiff base synthesized by the reaction of 4-amino-4H-1,2,4-triazole and 4-(diethylamino)benzaldehyde. The triazole ring forms a dihedral angle of 5.77 (16°) with the benzene ring. The crystal structure is stabilized by an intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bond.

Related literature

For related literature, see: Zhu *et al.* (2000), Atalay *et al.* (2003); Petek *et al.* (2004); Brasselet *et al.* (1999); Cornelissen *et al.* (1992); Demirbas & Ugurluoglu Demirbas (2002); Fujigaya *et al.* (2003); Garcia *et al.* (1997); Kahn & Martinez (1998); Moliner *et al.* (2001); Tozkoparan *et al.* (2000); Turan-Zitouni *et al.* (1999).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_5$	$V = 1322.5$ (9) Å ³
$M_r = 243.32$	$Z = 4$
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 7.740$ (3) Å	$\mu = 0.08$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 9.238$ (4) Å	$T = 293$ (2) K
$c = 18.497$ (7) Å	$0.37 \times 0.35 \times 0.11$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEX2 CCD area-detector diffractometer	6650 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	1359 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.972$, $T_{\max} = 0.992$	895 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.075$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$	165 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.131$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.09$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19$ e Å ⁻³
1359 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.17$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C}1-\text{H}1\cdots\text{N}1^i$	0.93	2.43	3.296 (7)	155

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: APEX2; data reduction: APEX2; program(s) used to solve structure: SIR97 (Altomare *et al.*, 1999); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RZ2200).

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supplementary materials

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4-[4-(Diethylamino)benzylideneamino]-4*H*-1,2,4-triazole

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Comment

Recent interest in substituted 1,2,4-triazoles has arisen in part from their transition metal complexes with intriguing structures and specific magnetic properties (Garcia *et al.*, 1997; Kahn & Martinez, 1998; Moliner *et al.*, 2001; Fujigaya *et al.*, 2003). In addition, many compounds containing a 1,2,4-triazole unit display a broad range of biological and pharmacological activities, finding application as anti-inflammatory (Tozkoparan *et al.*, 2000), antitumour (Demirbas & Ugurluoglu Demirbas, 2002), analgesic (Turan-Zitouni *et al.*, 1999), antibacterial and antiviral agents (Cornelissen *et al.*, 1992). In a continuation of our interest in the chemical and pharmacological properties of triazole derivatives, we have synthesized the title compound and report here its crystal structure.

The molecular structure and the atom-numbering scheme of the title compound are shown in Fig. 1. In the molecule, all bond lengths and angles are within normal ranges and comparable with the reported values (Atalay *et al.*, 2003; Zhu *et al.*, 2000). In the triazole ring, the N2=C1 and N1=C2 bonds display double-bond character, with bond distances of 1.288 (6) and 1.313 (6) Å, respectively. The 1,2,4-triazole ring is strictly planar (maximum displacement 0.006 (5) Å for C2) and forms a dihedral angle of 5.77 (16)°. The crystal packing is stabilized by an intermolecular C—H···N hydrogen bonding interaction (Table 1).

Experimental

A mixture of 4-amino-1,2,4-triazole (0.88 g, 10 mmol) and 4-(diethylamino)benzaldehyde (1.77 g, 10 mmol), which was prepared by standard procedures (Brasselet *et al.*, 1999), was dissolved in ethanol (180 ml) and stirred for 1 h. Single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis were obtained by slow evaporation of the ethanol solution.

Refinement

The H atoms were positioned geometrically, with C—H = 0.93, 0.97 and 0.96 Å for aromatic, methylene and methyl H atoms, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$, where $x = 1.5$ for methyl H, and $x = 1.2$ for all other H atoms. In the absence of significant anomalous scattering effects, Friedel pairs were merged.

Figures

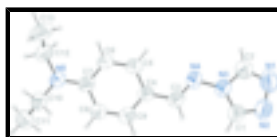


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

4-[4-(Diethylamino)benzylideneamino]-4H-1,2,4-triazole

Crystal data

$C_{13}H_{17}N_5$	$F_{000} = 520$
$M_r = 243.32$	$D_x = 1.222 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 7.740 (3) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 870 reflections
$b = 9.238 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.5\text{--}20.5^\circ$
$c = 18.497 (7) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$V = 1322.5 (9) \text{ \AA}^3$	$T = 293 (2) \text{ K}$
$Z = 4$	Block, yellow
	$0.37 \times 0.35 \times 0.11 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEX2 CCD area-detector diffractometer	1359 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	895 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.075$
$T = 293(2) \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ$
φ and ω scans	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.5^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.972$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.992$	$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$
6650 measured reflections	$l = -21 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.060$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.131$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0187P)^2 + 0.429P]$
$S = 1.09$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
1359 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
165 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.17 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations

between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	1.0028 (7)	0.8829 (5)	-0.2061 (3)	0.0777 (15)
H1	1.0615	0.8029	-0.2241	0.093*
C2	0.8502 (7)	1.0221 (5)	-0.1387 (3)	0.0888 (17)
H2	0.7824	1.0569	-0.1010	0.107*
C3	0.9580 (6)	0.6644 (4)	-0.0936 (2)	0.0632 (12)
H3	1.0140	0.6437	-0.1368	0.076*
C4	0.9482 (6)	0.5533 (4)	-0.0388 (2)	0.0562 (11)
C5	0.8680 (7)	0.5730 (4)	0.0283 (2)	0.0667 (13)
H5	0.8150	0.6611	0.0384	0.080*
C6	0.8654 (6)	0.4652 (4)	0.0798 (2)	0.0629 (13)
H6	0.8085	0.4815	0.1234	0.076*
C7	0.9468 (6)	0.3314 (4)	0.0680 (2)	0.0582 (11)
C8	1.0235 (6)	0.3114 (4)	-0.0006 (2)	0.0635 (12)
H8	1.0746	0.2231	-0.0117	0.076*
C9	1.0236 (6)	0.4195 (4)	-0.0505 (2)	0.0642 (12)
H9	1.0770	0.4026	-0.0948	0.077*
C10	1.0615 (7)	0.0993 (4)	0.1119 (2)	0.0684 (13)
H10A	1.1077	0.0746	0.1591	0.082*
H10B	1.1583	0.1240	0.0810	0.082*
C11	0.9734 (7)	-0.0308 (4)	0.0814 (3)	0.0824 (15)
H11A	0.8749	-0.0546	0.1106	0.124*
H11B	1.0523	-0.1110	0.0809	0.124*
H11C	0.9362	-0.0106	0.0329	0.124*
C12	0.8512 (7)	0.2348 (5)	0.1858 (2)	0.0754 (14)
H12A	0.8145	0.1383	0.1997	0.091*
H12B	0.7483	0.2917	0.1765	0.091*
C13	0.9488 (9)	0.3017 (6)	0.2477 (3)	0.112 (2)
H13A	1.0464	0.2421	0.2596	0.168*
H13B	0.8742	0.3094	0.2890	0.168*
H13C	0.9882	0.3964	0.2341	0.168*
N1	0.8934 (7)	1.0979 (5)	-0.1959 (3)	0.1007 (15)
N2	0.9902 (7)	1.0065 (5)	-0.2379 (2)	0.0907 (14)
N3	0.9164 (5)	0.8878 (4)	-0.1417 (2)	0.0651 (10)
N4	0.8933 (5)	0.7886 (4)	-0.08490 (19)	0.0679 (11)
N5	0.9521 (5)	0.2252 (3)	0.11934 (19)	0.0654 (10)

supplementary materials

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.109 (5)	0.067 (3)	0.057 (3)	-0.009 (3)	-0.003 (3)	-0.004 (2)
C2	0.103 (5)	0.079 (3)	0.084 (4)	0.022 (3)	0.012 (3)	0.010 (3)
C3	0.077 (3)	0.069 (3)	0.044 (3)	-0.002 (3)	0.002 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C4	0.065 (3)	0.057 (2)	0.047 (2)	-0.003 (2)	0.001 (2)	-0.0034 (19)
C5	0.085 (4)	0.056 (2)	0.059 (3)	0.005 (2)	0.006 (2)	-0.008 (2)
C6	0.081 (4)	0.062 (3)	0.045 (3)	0.005 (2)	0.012 (2)	-0.004 (2)
C7	0.064 (3)	0.061 (2)	0.049 (3)	-0.006 (2)	0.002 (2)	-0.005 (2)
C8	0.075 (3)	0.060 (2)	0.056 (3)	0.007 (2)	0.006 (2)	-0.004 (2)
C9	0.068 (3)	0.069 (3)	0.055 (3)	0.001 (2)	0.010 (2)	-0.003 (2)
C10	0.079 (3)	0.069 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.010 (3)	0.001 (2)	0.010 (2)
C11	0.097 (4)	0.073 (3)	0.077 (4)	0.008 (3)	-0.006 (3)	-0.003 (3)
C12	0.092 (4)	0.077 (3)	0.058 (3)	-0.008 (3)	0.011 (3)	-0.001 (2)
C13	0.143 (6)	0.140 (4)	0.053 (3)	-0.027 (5)	0.005 (4)	-0.024 (3)
N1	0.117 (4)	0.082 (3)	0.104 (4)	0.009 (3)	0.003 (3)	0.025 (3)
N2	0.125 (4)	0.078 (3)	0.070 (3)	-0.016 (3)	-0.002 (3)	0.012 (2)
N3	0.081 (3)	0.061 (2)	0.054 (2)	-0.002 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.0043 (18)
N4	0.087 (3)	0.061 (2)	0.056 (2)	0.002 (2)	0.002 (2)	0.0061 (19)
N5	0.081 (3)	0.067 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.005 (2)	0.009 (2)	0.0040 (18)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—N2	1.288 (6)	C8—H8	0.9300
C1—N3	1.366 (6)	C9—H9	0.9300
C1—H1	0.9300	C10—N5	1.445 (5)
C2—N1	1.313 (6)	C10—C11	1.493 (6)
C2—N3	1.344 (5)	C10—H10A	0.9700
C2—H2	0.9300	C10—H10B	0.9700
C3—N4	1.262 (5)	C11—H11A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.444 (5)	C11—H11B	0.9600
C3—H3	0.9300	C11—H11C	0.9600
C4—C9	1.384 (6)	C12—N5	1.459 (6)
C4—C5	1.400 (6)	C12—C13	1.505 (7)
C5—C6	1.378 (6)	C12—H12A	0.9700
C5—H5	0.9300	C12—H12B	0.9700
C6—C7	1.405 (5)	C13—H13A	0.9600
C6—H6	0.9300	C13—H13B	0.9600
C7—N5	1.366 (5)	C13—H13C	0.9600
C7—C8	1.412 (6)	N1—N2	1.369 (6)
C8—C9	1.361 (5)	N3—N4	1.406 (4)
N2—C1—N3	109.4 (5)	N5—C10—H10B	108.6
N2—C1—H1	125.3	C11—C10—H10B	108.6
N3—C1—H1	125.3	H10A—C10—H10B	107.6
N1—C2—N3	111.2 (5)	C10—C11—H11A	109.5
N1—C2—H2	124.4	C10—C11—H11B	109.5

N3—C2—H2	124.4	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
N4—C3—C4	122.4 (4)	C10—C11—H11C	109.5
N4—C3—H3	118.8	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C4—C3—H3	118.8	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C9—C4—C5	116.2 (4)	N5—C12—C13	113.4 (4)
C9—C4—C3	120.2 (4)	N5—C12—H12A	108.9
C5—C4—C3	123.6 (4)	C13—C12—H12A	108.9
C6—C5—C4	121.7 (4)	N5—C12—H12B	108.9
C6—C5—H5	119.1	C13—C12—H12B	108.9
C4—C5—H5	119.1	H12A—C12—H12B	107.7
C5—C6—C7	121.4 (4)	C12—C13—H13A	109.5
C5—C6—H6	119.3	C12—C13—H13B	109.5
C7—C6—H6	119.3	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
N5—C7—C6	122.5 (4)	C12—C13—H13C	109.5
N5—C7—C8	121.2 (4)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
C6—C7—C8	116.3 (4)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
C9—C8—C7	121.0 (4)	C2—N1—N2	105.5 (4)
C9—C8—H8	119.5	C1—N2—N1	109.2 (5)
C7—C8—H8	119.5	C2—N3—C1	104.7 (4)
C8—C9—C4	123.3 (4)	C2—N3—N4	121.5 (4)
C8—C9—H9	118.4	C1—N3—N4	133.8 (4)
C4—C9—H9	118.4	C3—N4—N3	116.6 (4)
N5—C10—C11	114.6 (4)	C7—N5—C10	121.9 (3)
N5—C10—H10A	108.6	C7—N5—C12	121.8 (4)
C11—C10—H10A	108.6	C10—N5—C12	116.3 (3)
N4—C3—C4—C9	-179.0 (5)	N1—C2—N3—C1	-1.1 (6)
N4—C3—C4—C5	-0.4 (7)	N1—C2—N3—N4	177.3 (4)
C9—C4—C5—C6	0.4 (7)	N2—C1—N3—C2	1.0 (6)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-178.3 (4)	N2—C1—N3—N4	-177.2 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C7	1.5 (7)	C4—C3—N4—N3	178.2 (4)
C5—C6—C7—N5	177.2 (4)	C2—N3—N4—C3	178.8 (5)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-3.0 (7)	C1—N3—N4—C3	-3.3 (7)
N5—C7—C8—C9	-177.5 (4)	C6—C7—N5—C10	-168.6 (4)
C6—C7—C8—C9	2.7 (7)	C8—C7—N5—C10	11.6 (6)
C7—C8—C9—C4	-1.0 (7)	C6—C7—N5—C12	9.5 (6)
C5—C4—C9—C8	-0.6 (7)	C8—C7—N5—C12	-170.2 (4)
C3—C4—C9—C8	178.1 (4)	C11—C10—N5—C7	-96.1 (5)
N3—C2—N1—N2	0.8 (7)	C11—C10—N5—C12	85.7 (5)
N3—C1—N2—N1	-0.5 (6)	C13—C12—N5—C7	-92.9 (5)
C2—N1—N2—C1	-0.2 (7)	C13—C12—N5—C10	85.3 (5)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C1—H1 \cdots N1 ⁱ	0.93	2.43	3.296 (7)	155

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, y-1/2, -z-1/2$.

Fig. 1

